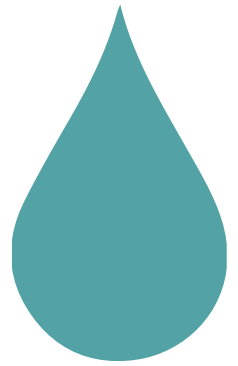


ATTENTION: TOWN OF LAVALLE, WOODLAND, AND IRONTON RESIDENTS



**When was the last time you had your well water tested?
If it has been over two years, now is a good time!**

The Towns of LaValle, Woodland, and Ironton, in collaboration with UW-Madison Extension and Sauk County, are offering a WELL WATER TESTING PROGRAM. We want to make it convenient for you to test your water, identify any threats and learn how to keep your water safe for your family.

It is easy to get involved...



1. Choose one, two, or all three of the test options which are explained in detail on the next page.



2. Pick up and pay for your well water testing bottle(s) at the LaValle, Woodland, or Ironton town hall on **Friday, June 19 from 4-6 pm** or on **Saturday, June 20 from 9-11 am**. Please make checks payable to Extension Sauk County.



3. Collect your sample(s) on **Monday, June 22**, and return them to your town hall on the SAME day either from 7-9 am or 4-6 pm.



4. Pick up your test results at an educational program on **Wednesday, August 5, 2026, from 5:30pm-7:30pm at the LaValle Town Hall, 314 State Hwy 33/58, LaValle, WI 53941**.

Registration will begin at 5:30 pm. The program will start at 6:00 pm and conclude by 7:30 pm.

The educational program will teach you about groundwater basics, help you interpret your results and show what you can do to keep your water safe to drink. (If you are unable to attend your results will be mailed to you.)

Sincerely,

Jean Judd
LaValle Town Clerk

Nancy Dieck
Woodland Town Clerk

Diane Reinfeldt
Ironton Town Clerk



Extension
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON
SAUK COUNTY

Extension Sauk County
sauk.extension.wisc.edu
608 - 355 - 3250



Sauk County Land Resources &
Environment
www.co.sauk.wi.us
608 - 355 - 3245



METALS PACKAGE

- **Arsenic** – This metal is naturally-occurring in soils and bedrock. Because of potential health concerns, it is recommended that every well be tested for arsenic at least once to determine if it is present in your well.
- **Lead & Copper** – Lead and copper can leach into the water from pipes or solder and can present a significant health threat. Lead was typically used in pre-1985 plumbing.
- **Iron & Manganese** - These are naturally occurring trace minerals that cause taste and color problems such as reddish-brown or black staining on fixtures.
- **Sodium** - Sodium is often elevated in well water. It comes from road salts, water softening salts, or septic system effluent. It is used to exchange calcium and magnesium in water softeners; can cause elevated blood pressure in susceptible individuals.

ARE THERE HERBICIDES IN YOUR WATER?

Several herbicides have been found in Wisconsin's groundwater. Some of these have entered groundwater as a result of their use on farm fields. Others have been found in groundwater following spills and improper disposal. If your well is located within ¼ mile of a corn, soybean or vegetable field, you should test your well water for herbicides. You should also consider a DACT herbicide screen if your well is within a ¼ mile of an area where pesticides are manufactured, stored, mixed or loaded into application equipment. The health effects of herbicide exposure depend on a variety of factors, including the toxicity of the chemical, the dose, the duration and timing of exposure and the exposure to other chemicals.

DACT SCREEN PACKAGE

Atrazine, simazine and propazine are common herbicides used to control weeds in corn crops. A DACT screen tests for a specific breakdown component of these triazine-type herbicides and is generally a good first indicator of herbicide contamination in wells that are located near corn fields.

WHY TEST YOUR WELL WATER?

Municipalities are required to test their water supplies regularly to ensure the water is safe to drink. Since there is no requirement to test a private well except for bacteria when it is first drilled or the pump is changed, you are responsible for making sure your water is safe. Most private wells provide a clean, safe supply of water; however, contaminants can pollute private wells. Unfortunately, you cannot see, smell or taste most of them. Therefore, you should test your water on a regular basis.

You can choose one, two, or all three testing packages. If you choose to do all three tests the package cost is \$191, a savings of \$7.00. If you are uncertain which test to do, we recommend the Homeowner Package, which analyzes eight different aspects of your well water and will give you a very good indication of your well water condition.

AVAILABLE DRINKING WATER TESTS

Homeowner Package for \$78

Includes tests for nitrate, coliform bacteria, pH, alkalinity, hardness, conductivity, corrosivity, and chloride

Metals Package for \$75

Test for 14 elements: Aluminum, Arsenic Screen, Calcium, Copper, Iron, Lead Screen, Magnesium, Manganese, Potassium, Sodium, Strontium, Sulfur as Sulfate, Uranium, and Zinc. Cannot be used for compliance reporting.

DACT Screen for \$45

A test for triazine-type herbicides (like atrazine, simazine and propazine)

If you choose to do all three tests, the package cost is \$191, a savings of \$7.00.

- **Nitrate** – This is a form of nitrogen that can dangerously reduce the amount of oxygen in the blood of infants under six months old. It may also harm the fetus. Nitrate is a common contaminant from fertilizers, septic systems, and animal waste. It may also indicate the presence of other contaminants or pollution pathways through the soil.
- **Bacteria** – Bacteria, viruses, and parasites in water can cause disease. A coliform bacteria test indicates the possible presence of disease-causing bacteria from human or animal waste. Coliform bacteria are the most common contaminants found in private water systems.
- **pH** – Indicates the water's acidity and helps to determine if water will erode plumbing.
- **Alkalinity** - Alkalinity is the measure of water's ability to neutralize acids and is related to pH. It results primarily from dissolving certain minerals in the aquifer.
- **Hardness** - Helps determine the need for water softening and also indicates corrosivity.
- **Conductivity** - This measures the ability of water to conduct an electrical current due to dissolved substances in the water and can be used to signal the presence of contaminants.
- **Corrosivity Index** - A combination of several tests, this indicates the tendency of water to corrode your plumbing or for lime deposits to form in pipes.
- **Chloride** – High concentrations of chloride often indicate contamination problems from septic systems, fertilizers, landfills or road salts.



Extension Sauk County
505 Broadway
Baraboo, WI 53913
608-355-3250

WHAT'S IN YOUR WATER?

When was the last time you had your drinking water tested?

The Towns of LaValle, Woodland, and Ironton, in collaboration with UW-Madison Extension and Sauk County, are offering a convenient WELL WATER TESTING PROGRAM.

SPONSORED BY

Towns of LaValle, Woodland,
and Ironton

Extension Sauk County

Sauk County
Land Resources & Environment



FOR MORE INFORMATION

Morgan McArthur
Extension Sauk County

608-355-3257 or morgan.mcarthur@wisc.edu
<https://sauk.extension.wisc.edu/well-water-testing/>

OR

Land Resources & Environment
608-355-3245 or
conservation@saukcountywi.gov